

### Rough Plan

Purple NC

Purple is a Mix of Red and Blue

Voter Turnout

- This legislative session
  - With a brief detour on the veto & gubernatorial power (don't worry—we'll pull back into the flow of traffic)

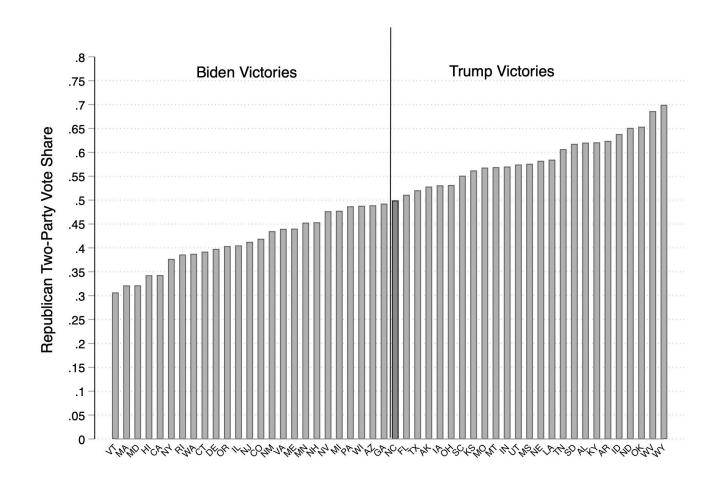
## Biden campaign invests \$25 million in North Carolina and other battleground states

BY DANIELLE BATTAGLIA

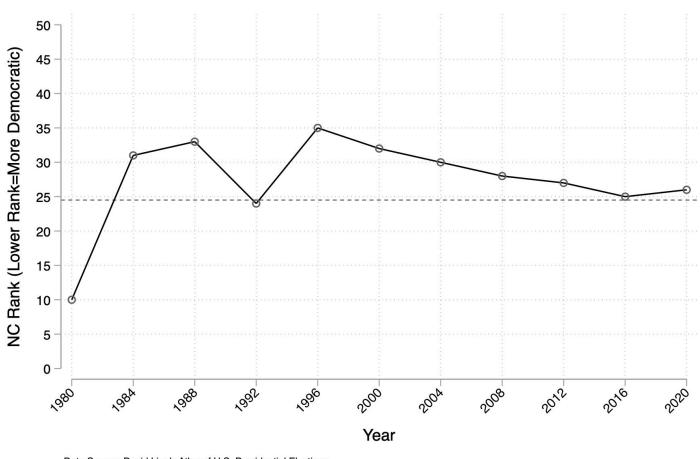
**UPDATED AUGUST 21, 2023 8:49 AM** 



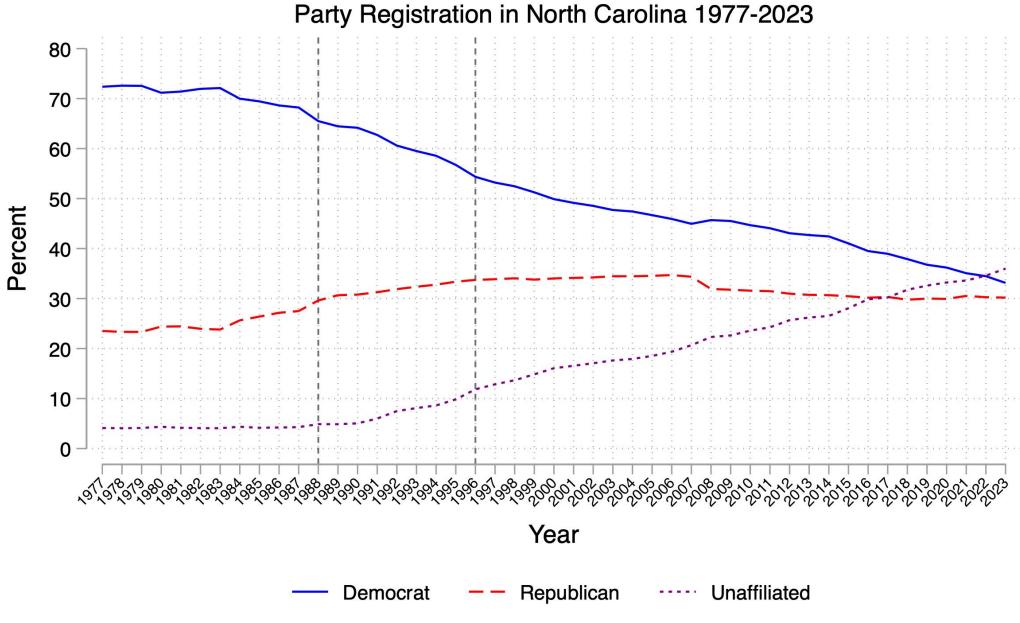
## Purple North Carolina



## Purple North Carolina



Data Source: David Liep's Atlas of U.S. Presidential Elections



Notes: Data from NCSBE & NC Manual. Graph by Chris Cooper.

Vertical lines indicate when Republicans & then Democrats opened their primaries to Unaffiliated Voters.

### In Simple Terms

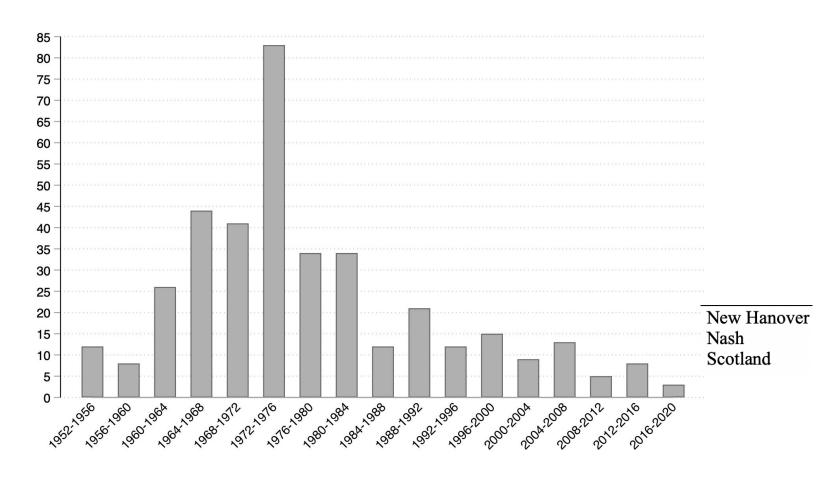
• Unaffiliated are the *largest* group of registered voters *under 40 years old* 

Unaffiliated are the <u>smallest</u> group of registered voters <u>over 40 years old</u>

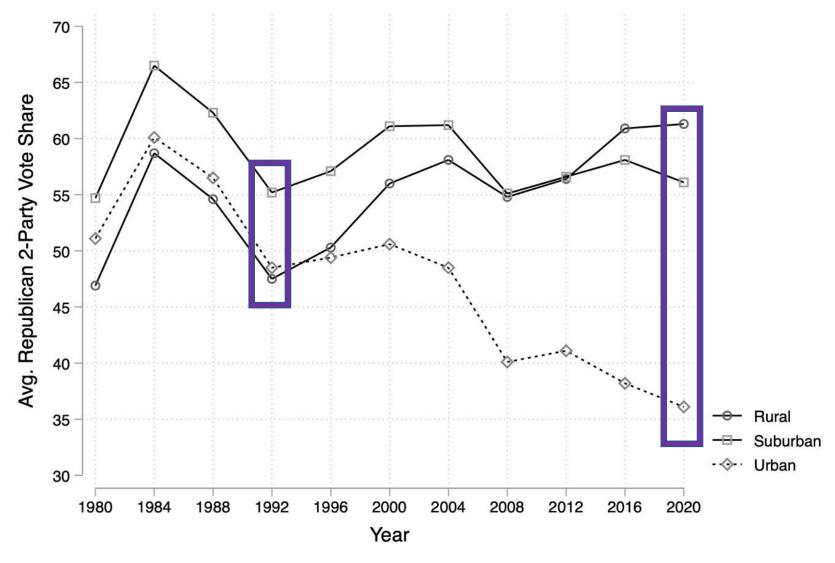
Unaffiliated are the <u>largest</u> group of registered voters <u>born outside NC</u>

Unaffiliated are the <u>smallest</u> group of registered voters <u>under 40 years old</u>

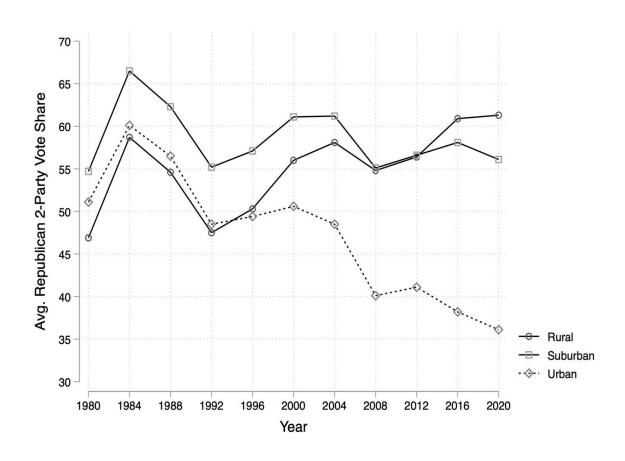
# Purple is a Mix of Red & Blue: Decline in Swing Counties

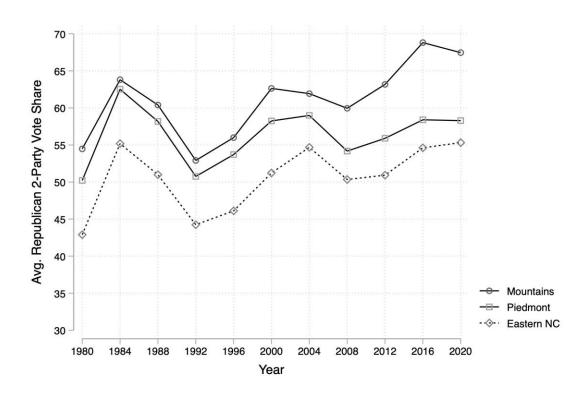


#### Purple is a Mix of Red & Blue



## Rurality/Urbanity > Region





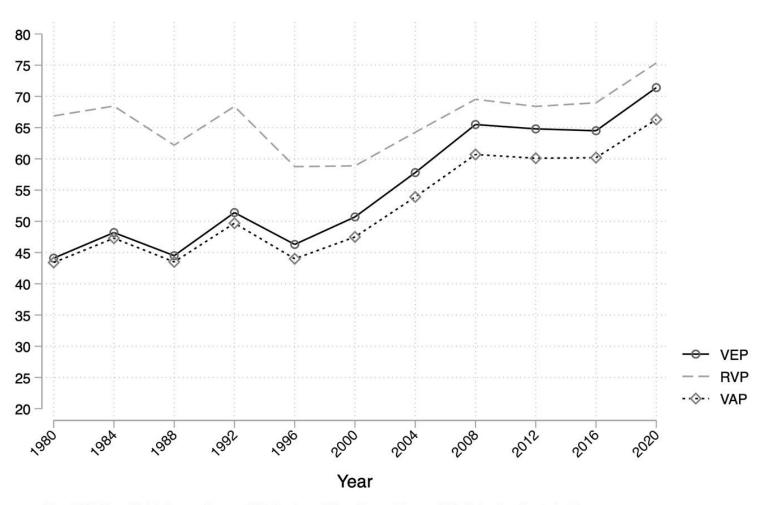
## Within County Variation

• Incorporated/Unincorporated: the new urban/rural divide

 Democrats are the <u>largest</u> group of registered voters in <u>incorporated</u> places

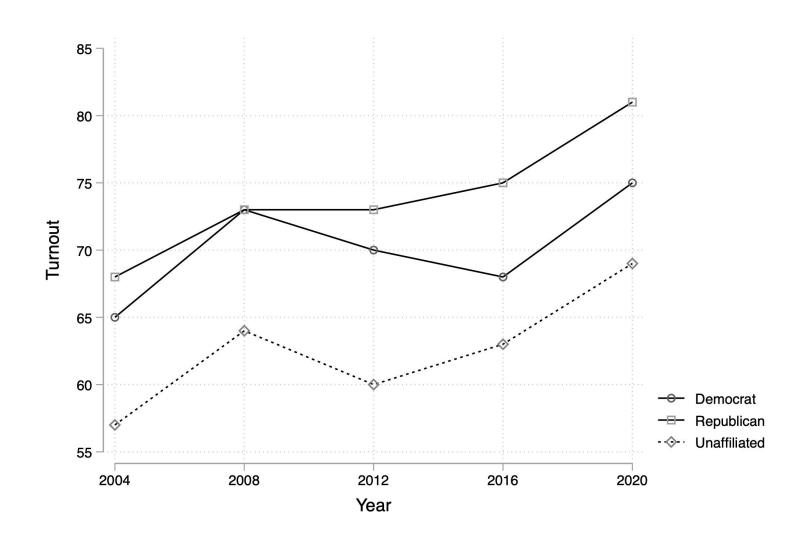
Democrats are the <u>smallest</u> group of registered voters in <u>unincorporated</u> places

### Voter Turnout

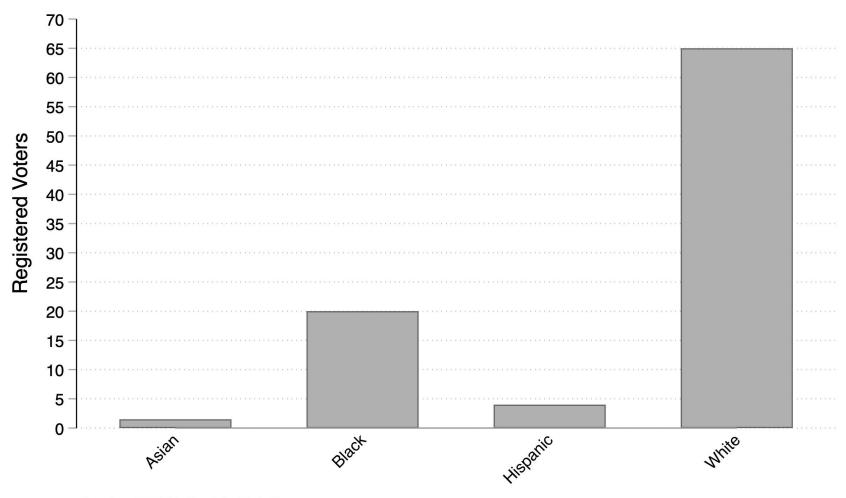


Note: VEP=Voter Eligible Percent Turnout; RVP=Registered Voter Percent Turnout; VAP=Voting Age Population Turnout

### Voter Turnout

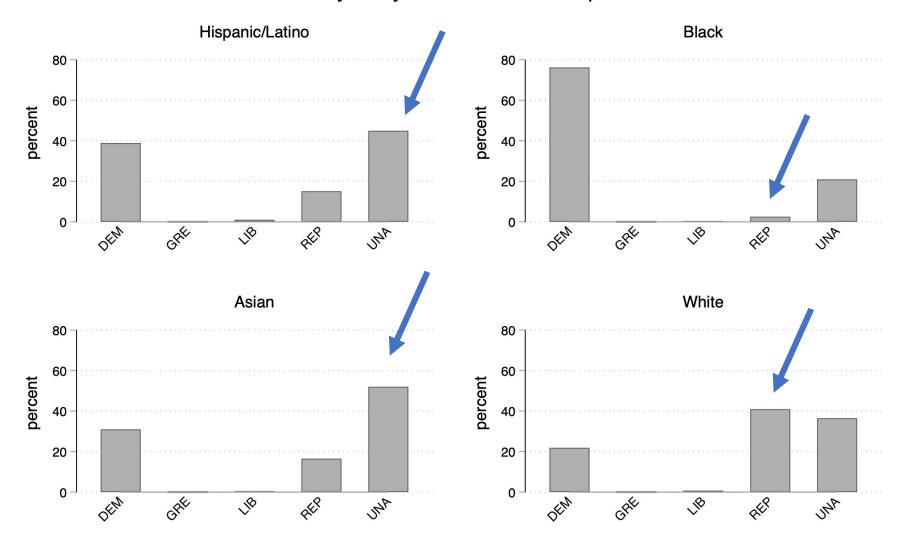


#### Percent of Registered Voters by Race/Ethnicity



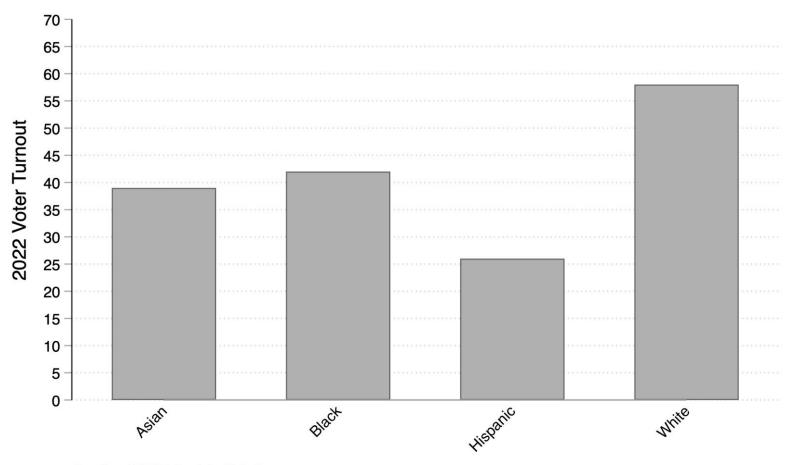
Data from NCSBE. Graph by Chris Cooper

#### Party ID by Racial/Ethnic Group



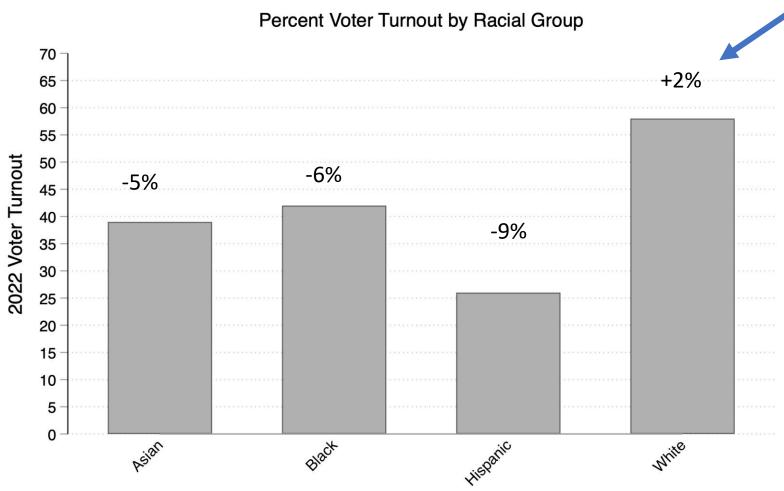
Data from Aug 5 2023 NC Voter Reg Database. Graph by Chris Cooper

#### Percent Voter Turnout by Racial Group



Data from NCSBE. Graph by Chris Cooper

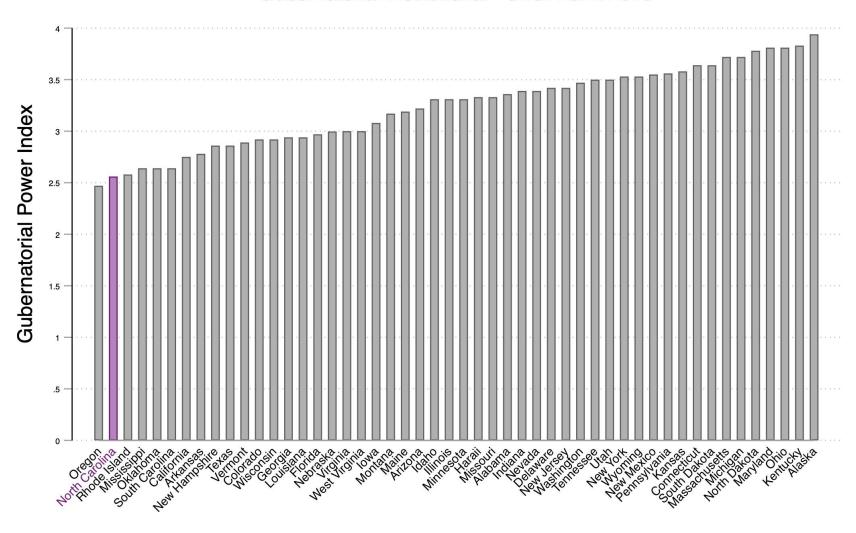




Data from NCSBE. Graph by Chris Cooper



#### Gubernatorial Institutional Power Rank 2015



#### And that was before this

## NC governors, already among weakest in US, are on their way to becoming potted plants

BY ROB CHRISTENSEN

SEPTEMBER 20, 2018 10:16 PM, UPDATED SEPTEMBER 21, 2018 07:00 AM



#### And this

## NC lawmakers pass bill that transfers some of the governor's powers to themselves

BY DAWN BAUMGARTNER VAUGHAN, ADAM WAGNER, AND KORIE DEAN



#### The Veto

1933

#### GUBERNATORIAL VETO ENDORSED

Di Passes Bill to Give Veto to Governor.

#### CRISSMAN GIVES REPORT

C. P. Russell, Journalist and Former Carolina Man, Makes Talk.

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In the discussion of the Bill Senator Crowell opened the argument proclaiming that the veto power is used by many other states and by the executive of the country, and that the governor of this state should be given the same consideration. He further stated that by giving

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#### Today's Quote

"The gubernatorial veto will be needed to preserve our system of checks and balances and to counterbalance a General Assembly that is growing in power as well as size."

- Former Gov. Bob Scott

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1985

setback of his second term.

# Martin Vows To Continue Veto Battle

RALEIGH (AP) — Gov. Jim Martin vowed to seek a gubernatorial veto again in 1987 after a House committee rejected by two votes a bill that would have put the issue on next year's election ballot.

"A lot of issues don't win the first time around — North Carolina's governor hasn't had veto power for 200 years," Martin said after Wednesday's vote. "This just means we've got a long haul ahead. Our state reptile is the turtle, and you never get anywhere unless you stick your neck out."

## Veto issue is primed for public vote

#### Cooper's veto bill passes judiciary committee

By Andrea M. Cashion

RALEIGH — Sixty-two years igo, both chambers of North Carolina's legislature passed a aw that would have given veto ower to then-Gov. O. Max

technicality to strike down the

aw. The veto bill never passed

gain — but this session's

awmakers seem primed to let

The Senate Judiciary and Con-

titution committee approved a

eto bill drafted by N.C. Sen.

Roy Cooper, D-10th District,

North Carolina's voters decide.

Discussion Tuesday centered not on
whether the
governor
should have
veto power,
but on what



to change appropriations amounts.

"With the appointive powers he has, this (line-item veto) would give our governor too much power," Cooper told the committee.

Cooper also believes the line-

power should be granted.

Cooper's bill would give the governor a narrowly tailored veto, in which joint resolutions, appointments, constitutional amendments and redistricting legislation could not be vetoed.

The governor would not have line-item veto, which is power to veto portions of appropriations bills instead of the whole piece of legislation. Also absent from Cooper's bill is the related line-reduction power, which would give the governor power

control.

The proposed bill would set the referendum for Nov. 7. If passed, the veto would go into effect Jan. 1, 1996.

The committee also discussed a stronger bill introduced by Minority Leader Betsy Cochrane, R-38th District. Her version included exempting local bills from the veto, a line-item veto and a line-reduction power.

The committee discussed amending Cooper's bill to con-

Gubernatorial Veto in the U.S.

Nine governors may reduce appropriations items. Those states are: Alaska, California, Hawaii, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, Tennessee and West Virginia.





Telegram/R. Shawn Lewis

tain those provisions, but each one lost by a narrow margin.

Cooper sponsored the same bill last session, when it passed in the Senate but died in the House. Different versions of the veto bill are expected to soon circulate in House committees, where the Republican majority favors a veto more like Cochrane's than Cooper's.

Cooper, who represents Nash, Edgecombe, Halifax and Wilson counties, expected the bill to go the floor of the Senate today for another vote.

uesday morning.

## So, our Gov. (finally) has a veto, but...

Can be overridden by 3/5

No line item veto (1 of only 5 states)

#### Doesn't apply to

- Redistricting
- Local bills
- Constitutional amendments
- Appointments

